Village of Tuxedo Park
Board of Trustees, Special Meeting, April 29, 2013
Mayor Wilson's Opening Statement

- Tonight we are conducting a hearing authorized by Village Code –
 Sections 83-11 and 75-24 and requested by Ms. Cindy Booth,
 concerning the stone wall adjacent to the Tuxedo Road causeway.
- The hearing is open for the public to observe, but it is not open for public participation. It is Ms. Booth's hearing.
- First, I would like to give a Brief Overview of Events, talk about
 Structural Integrity of the Stone Wall, Ownership & Responsibility of
 the Stone Wall, along with Necessary Corrective Measures, and a
 Repair Timeframe.
- This hearing was requested after this Board notified Ms. Booth that
 the condition of the stone retaining wall on her property created a
 hazardous situation affecting public safety.
- She was advised that both the Village Engineers and an outside engineering firm had independently arrived at the same conclusion – that the retaining wall was significantly deformed in its geometry, and in danger of collapse onto Tuxedo Road.
- We asked Ms. Booth to submit a corrective plan and/or request a hearing before this Board. She requested the hearing.

• I want to make clear for the record and Ms. Booth, how the Board arrived at the authority, and need for requesting her to take corrective measures, to make the stone retaining wall safe.

Structural Integrity of the Stone Wall

- On the evening of March 5th, a large stone dislodged from the stone wall and fell onto the adjacent Tuxedo Road. It was unknown at that time whether this was an indication of a simple necessary repair, or a larger issue of the structural integrity of the wall and the safety consequence to Village residents and others were it to fail.
- I made the decision that evening to close that section of Tuxedo Road until we could obtain an engineer's opinion on the problem. The wall was inspected the following day by the Village Engineers Weston & Sampson, P.E., and thereafter by another professional engineering firm, O'Brien & Gere. Both engineering firms issued reports.
- The Weston & Sampson report concluded:

"Based on the new information relative to the wall thickness, construction, and stone size/thickness, it appears there is minimal to no factor of safety in the wall's current condition. We conclude that this wall poses a threat to public safety, and we agree that the Village

should leave that portion of Tuxedo Road closed until reconstruction of the wall can be completed."

The O'Brien & Gere report concluded:

"The wall rotation and horizontal displacement clearly indicates that [the stone wall] has failed. The loss of the stone block indicates that the joint mortar has deteriorated sufficiently that it cannot hold individual masonry units inplace with a deformed wall geometry. It appears that wall failure is a combination of factors including the absence of drainage behind the wall and joint degradation from through seepage which exposes the mortar to excessive freeze-thaw damage. The wall will eventually collapse with no change in loading conditions as its center of gravity shifts toward the road. There is no reasonable way to predict when the structure, or a section thereof, will fail entirely. However, a modest increase in wall loading such as from an elevated groundwater level behind the wall resulting from a long-duration or heavy rain, or by vehicular traffic behind the wall, could initiate collapse."

Based upon the opinions of these two professional engineering firms,
it was clear to the Board that, per the Village Code, the stone wall
represented a hazardous condition, adverse to the safety of those in
the Village, and requiring remediation by the party responsible for
the wall's maintenance and repair.

Ownership & Responsibility of the Retaining Wall

- Before the Board of Trustees had the authority to issue its notices to
 Ms. Booth under the Village Code, it was necessary to make a
 determination whether the maintenance and repair of the wall was
 the responsibility of Ms. Booth or the Village.
- The Village Attorney Rick Golden reviewed past property records for the property now owned by Ms. Booth, as well as the records involved when the Village accepted the offer of dedication of the roadways from Tuxedo Park Association, Inc. in 1953.
- There could be found no evidence in the title records or any other
 Village record that the Tuxedo Park Association owned the stone wall,
 as an appurtenance to the adjacent roadway or otherwise, at the
 time that the roads themselves were deeded to the Village.
- What is clear from the property records is that Ms. Booth's property line in that area lies east of the Village roadway,
- and the available surveys performed by Ms. Booth in 1983, and her predecessor in interest in 1974, clearly show that the stone retaining wall lies on Ms. Booth's property line.

- In addition, the Village Engineers, Weston & Sampson, had indicated that there was a distinct horizontal joint approximately 3 feet above the roadway,
- indicating that the wall may have been only 3 feet high initially, and not used as a retaining wall benefiting the roadway.
- Although there was no clear and definitive single document establishing the ownership of the stone retaining wall, the available information of ownership all pointed to ownership of the wall by the adjacent property owner, now Ms. Booth.
- Subsequent to this initial determination by the Board that Ms. Booth was the proper person responsible for the wall's maintenance and repair,
- other Village records were reviewed that made clear that since at least 1999 the Village had consistently taken the position that Ms.
 Booth was responsible for the maintenance and repair of "her" stone wall,
- asking her to repair and maintain her wall, including replacing and remortaring stones that had become loose.

- In one instance, by a letter dated January 8, 2002, the then Building Inspector thanked Ms. Booth for responding to his prior request to repair the wall,
- as she had her mason relocate the loose stones with the intention of mortaring them come warmer weather.
- Also, by a letter dated November 9, 2001, Ms. Booth complained to the Board of Trustees "concerning damage to my property,"
- including trucks colliding with the stone retaining wall.
- In addition, when Ms. Booth was required to install a new driveway
 in the 1990's, following a dispute with her neighbor, she proceeded
 to cut away and modify the stone wall to make room for her
 driveway.
- She did this without ever requesting permission from the Village to modify the wall;
- only getting the normal approvals required of anyone modifying their own walls.

- Our Village Attorney also advised us that under New York law a property owner adjacent to even public improvements may be liable if that improvement provides a special benefit to the adjacent property owner;
- in this case such a benefit might be the wall retaining the soil and property grade of her property.
- Everything considered, it appears to the Board of Trustees, that Ms.
 Booth is responsible for the repair and maintenance of the stone retaining wall lying on her property line.
- However, if during this hearing Ms. Booth presents evidence that the
 wall is the responsibility of the Village, the Board will weigh that
 evidence, together with the evidence just referenced, and make a
 final determination on who is the responsible party to repair and
 maintain the wall.
- It should be noted that in recent years, there have been private properties adjacent to Village roadways that also had stone walls that were in need of repair and affected the safety of the adjacent traveled roadway.
- Each of these issues has been resolved amicably, with the results depending upon the particular circumstances involved.

Necessary Corrective Measures and Repair Timeframe

- The Board has been advised that the minimum work necessary to render the stone wall and passage on the adjacent roadway safe is to remove the soil located behind the wall to a sloping lower grade,
- such that it would allow for the affected length of the stone wall approximately 200' to 220' to be dismantled down to approximately three feet in height, the height of the present horizontal joint in the wall.
- The capstones presently on the wall could be re-installed, and the soil re-graded to accommodate this new height.
- We have been informed that this work could be accomplished in approximately 5 working days, weather permitting.
- If Ms. Booth is willing to cooperate in this endeavor, and given the
 importance of opening up the Tuxedo Road causeway as soon as
 possible, the Village is willing to utilize its own public works
 equipment and personnel, without cost to Ms. Booth, to perform the
 excavation and re-grading necessary,
- leaving to her only the cost of the mason to dismantle the wall and reconstitute it as a three-foot finished wall, or some other safe height that she chooses.

- Ironically, Ms. Booth & her attorney have questioned the legitimacy of this hearing, even though they requested it. Earlier today, Village Attorney Rick Golden responded to their objections as having no merit:
- The Village has provided Ms. Booth's attorney numerous documents in accordance with their FOIL demand, many of which were not required to be sent to them under FOIL – including 3 title search reports.
- There is no disclosure required to be made in accordance with the hearing that Ms. Booth has requested.
- This hearing is not dependent on responses to the FOIL demand, as a matter of due process or otherwise.
- Ms. Booth & her representatives have had ample time to prepare for this hearing, and to do whatever research is believed necessary to protect her interests.
- The Village has acted appropriately and within the bounds of the law in proceeding with this issue.
- We welcome your input at this hearing. We now open the hearing to
 Ms. Booth & her counsel to address the Board.